

AQA Product Design Practice Papers 2015



*Pre-release context for Section A:
'Patterns and structures inspired by nature'*



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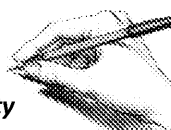
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Contents

Thank You for Choosing ZigZag Education	ii
Teacher Feedback Opportunity	iii
Terms and Conditions of Use	iv
Teacher's Introduction	1
Practice Papers	2
Practice Paper 1	2
Practice Paper 2	17
Mark Schemes	34
Practice Paper 1 Mark Scheme	34
Practice Paper 2 Mark Scheme	39

Teacher's Introduction

In the run-up to the summer examinations the importance of preparing for the examination becomes greater. With this in mind, this pack contains two examination papers, with Section A based on the summer 2015 pre-release design context (Patterns and structures inspired by nature).

Each paper follows the structure of a typical AQA examination paper, and as such they can be used as either mock examinations using the full paper, or as revision materials by considering each question individually.

Alongside each paper there is a mark scheme which has indicative answers for each question. Combining these together can provide students with an invaluable insight into what is required of them when they sit the examination during the summer.

This resource is intended to supplement your teaching only.

As with all pre-release material it is the teacher's responsibility to decide in what way to assist their students, and how this resource in particular can be used to fit into that assistance.

The resources here are provided as an interpretation of the preliminary material.

The author does not have any special knowledge of what to expect on any particular exam.

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Name

ZigZag Education supporting
AQA GCSE Design Technology
Product Design – Unit 1 [45551]

Practice Paper 1

Pre-release Context: Patterns and structures inspired

Time: 2



Instructions

- Use black ink or black ballpoint pen. Use pencil and coloured pencils only for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 120.
- The question in Section A relates to the pre-release context.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
- Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question 6(c).



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Section A

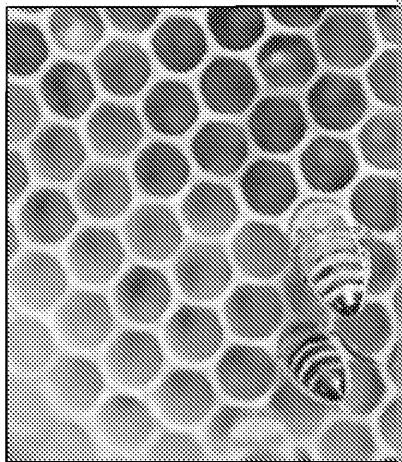
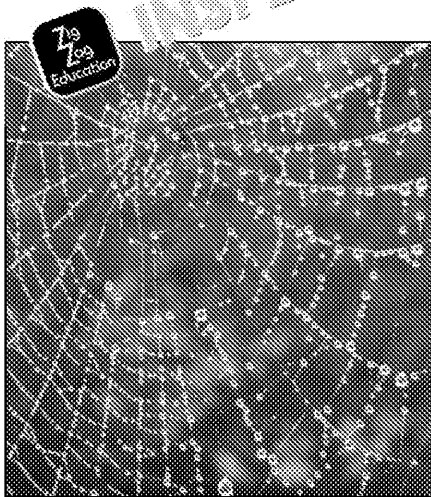
Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided

Question 1 is about the use of natural structures to inspire design.
You are advised to spend about 34 minutes on this question.

- 1 There are many structures in nature that can be used as a starting point for a product design.

Choose one of the following types of product, drawing a circle around it. You are then asked to design a product of the type you choose later in the question.

Storage Chair Lighting Case



- a) In the space on the following page, sketch a design for the product you have chosen. You must use one of the pictures shown above to inspire the appearance of your product.

Marks will be given for:

- originality of idea, including use of the images above
- materials and construction techniques
- surface decoration, including the use of colour

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- b) Describe three methods that could be used to gather information they think of your design.

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- c) What is the difference between quality control and quality assurance?

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Question 1 continues on the following page

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- d) A manufacturer has decided to produce your design. Describe the tests you will carry out to check that the product is of suitable quality.

Test 1

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Test 2



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Test 3

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Section B

Answer **all** questions

Question 2 is about materials.

You are advised to spend about 14 minutes on this question.

- 2 a) In the table below, give three different examples of paper or card.
For each material, state an application for which it is often used.

Type of paper or card	Ap
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- b) Give three examples of stock sizes for paper and card.

- 1
2
3

Question 2 continues on the following page

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- c) i. Explain what is meant by the term 'smart material'.

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- ii. Name one specific smart material.
Describe its properties and identify an application in which it



Material:

Properties:

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Application:

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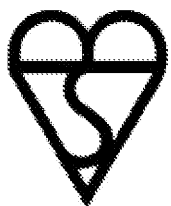
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Question 3 is about consumer issues.
You are advised to spend about 14 minutes on this question.

3 a) Explain the meaning of the following symbols:



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b) What is the purpose of national standards?



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Question 4 is about brand identity and advertising.
You are advised to spend about 19 minutes on this question.

- 4 a) Explain what is meant by brand identity. You should use examples.

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- b) A company have developed a new range of products for teenagers.
They promote their products through advertising.

Name three different types of advertising.

1

2

3

4

- c) Choose one of the methods you named in part b) above.

Using examples, explain how this method of advertising would promote the product.

Selected method:

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Question 5 is about manufacturing products.
You are advised to spend about 25 minutes on this question.

5 A Design and Technology class are learning about production lines. They are working together in teams, which will each make 80 identical products.

a) Choose one of the following products. Draw a circle around your choice.

wooden toy

metal pendant

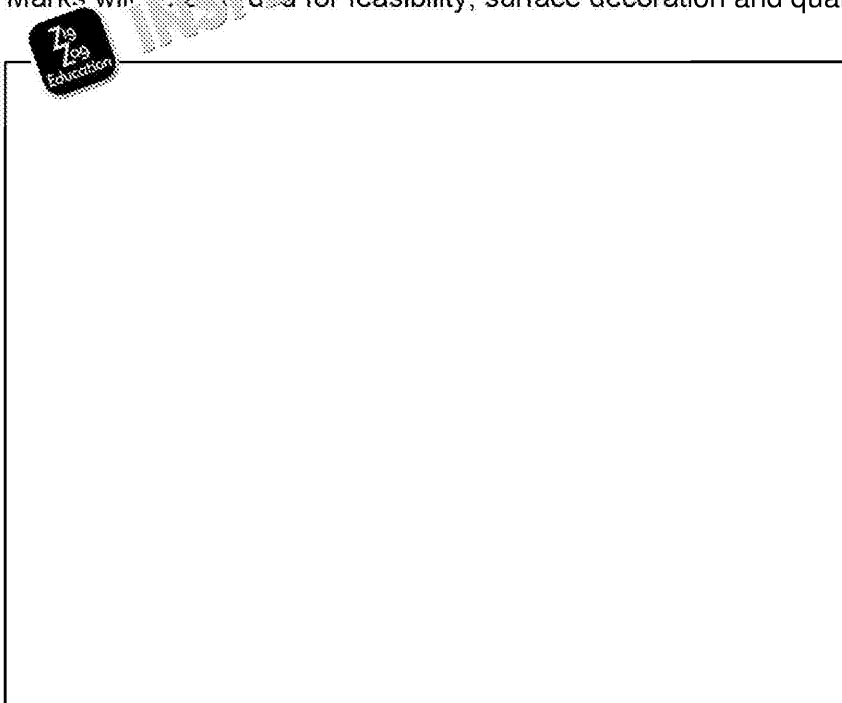
badge

biscuits

'get well soon' card

In the box below, show a simple sketch of the product to be made.

You will be asked to discuss how the product will be manufactured.
Marks will be awarded for feasibility, surface decoration and quality.



b) i. Name a suitable main material for your product.

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ii. Explain why the material you have chosen in i) is suitable for the product.



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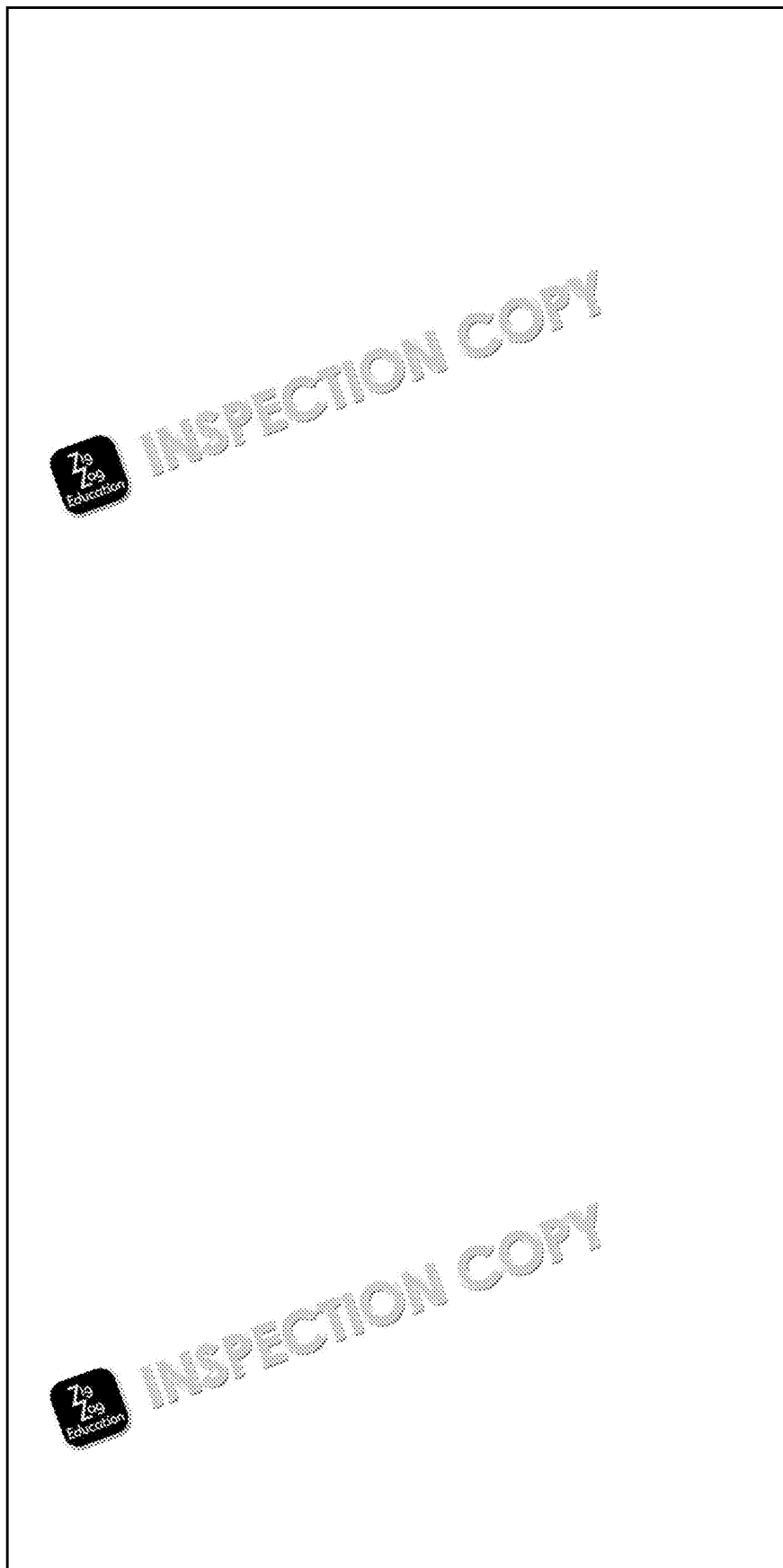
Question 5 continues on the following page

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- 5 c) In the box below, use a flow chart to show how your product will be made. You should include quality control checks at each stage.



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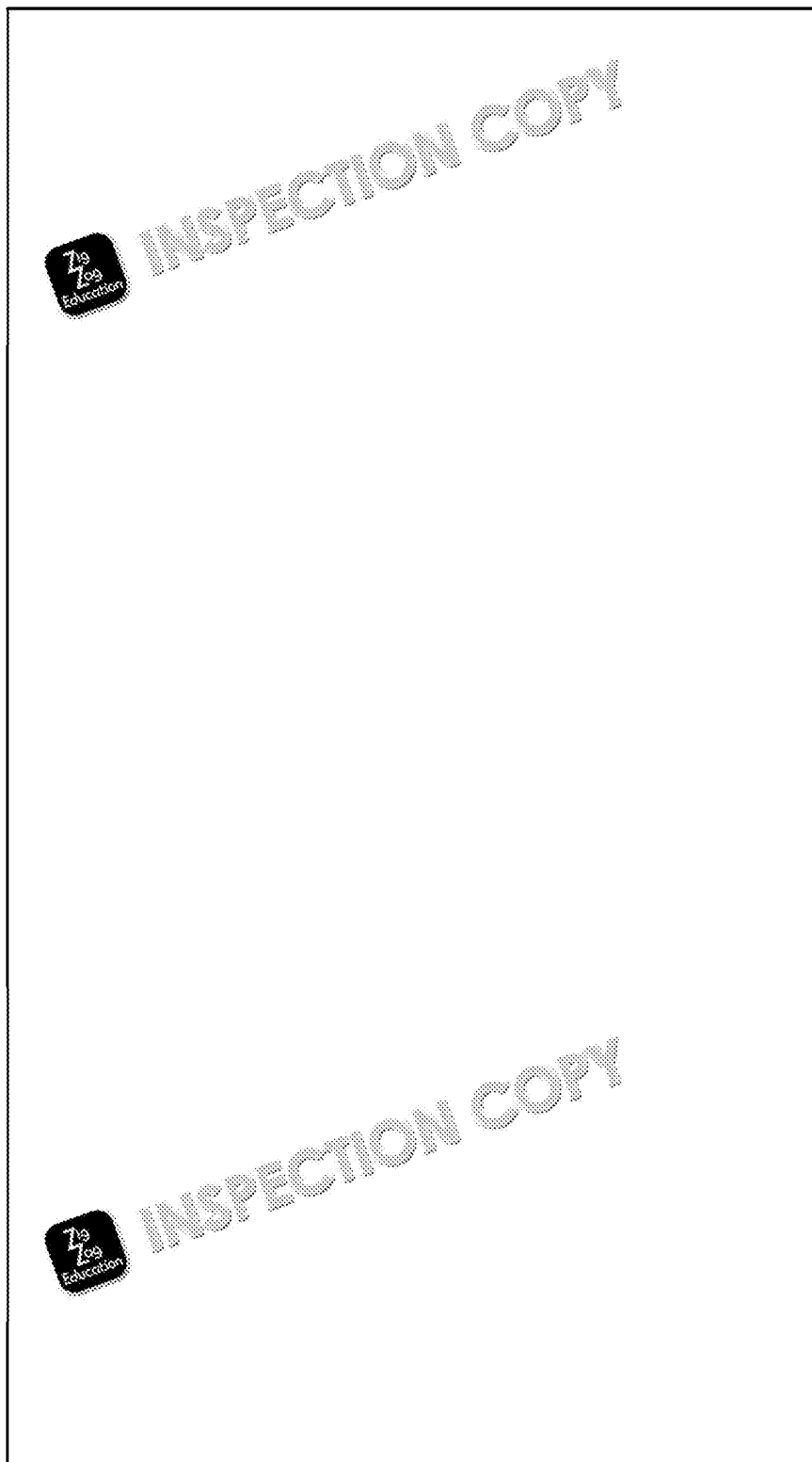
Question 5 continues on the following page

- 5 d) Students will work in teams, with each team making 80 identical

In the space below, draw a layout to show how the production is organised.

Marks will be awarded for:

- layout and order of the processes
- identification of tools and equipment
- quality of communication



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Question 6 is about manufacturing systems.
You are advised to spend about 28 minutes on this question.

6 a) Explain what is meant by the following types of production. For each type, give an example of a product made using that method.

i. One-off production

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ii. Batch production

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iii. Mass production

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Question 6 continues on the following page

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- You will be assessed on your quality of written communication in this



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Practice Paper 2

Pre-release Context: Materials and structures inspired

Time: 2 h



Instructions

- Use black ink or black ballpoint pen. Use pencil and coloured pencils only for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 120.
- The question in Section A relates to the pre-release context.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.



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Section A

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided

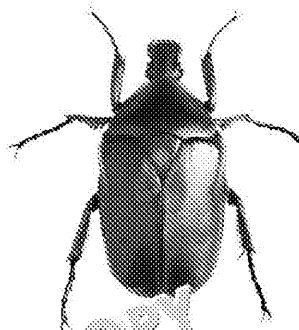
Question 1 is about the use of patterns in nature to inspire design.
You are advised to spend about 30 minutes on this question.

A new shop selling a wide range of sustainable natural products has asked the carrier bag that they will use for their packaging.

- 1 a) State four of the basic functions carried out by packaging.

1
.....
2
.....
3
.....
4
.....

- b) The shop want a repeat design to appear on their carrier bags. They do not copy, one of the following images:



On the following page, sketch a suitable design for the carrier bag based on the images above to inspire the appearance of your design.

Marks will be given for:

- originality of the design
- use of the images above
- presentation, including the use of colour

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Question 1 continues on the following page


- c) The shop have asked you to advise them on appropriate design

Give three different design criteria which will make your product
Give one reason for each design criterion.

An example is given for you.

Design Criteria	
<i>Should be sustainable</i>	<i>To avoid damage with the image of</i>
 <i>INSPECTION COPY</i>	

- d) Suggest a suitable material that the carrier bag could be made from
material is appropriate.

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Question 1 continues on the following page

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e) Describe a suitable process to apply your repeat design to the c

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Section B

Answer **all** questions

Question 2 is about materials.

You are advised to spend about 18 minutes on this question.

- 2 a) Choose a type of material from the list below and circle your choice.

aluminium

pasta

acrylic

porcelain

- i. Describe the processes involved in preparing the material you have selected from its source to a workable material.



- ii. Describe two forms in which the material you have selected is available.

1



2

Question 2 continues on the next page

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- b) i. State what is meant by a pre-manufactured component.

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- ii. Explain why a manufacturer might buy pre-manufactured components for their manufacturing process, rather than making the components themselves.

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Question 3 is about design movements and environmental issues.
You are advised to spend about 18 minutes on this question.

- 3 a) Design movements have had a significant influence on product design movements.

Movement 1

Movement 2

- b) The following bookcase is to be redesigned in the style of one of the design movements you have identified in a).



Circle the movement selected.

Movement 1

Movement 2

In the space on the following page, using notes and sketches, sketch a design for the bookcase following the typical features of this design movement.

What is given for:

- design features typical for this design movement (3 marks)
- quality of drawing (4 marks)
- describing how it would be different if instead it had the typical features of the other movement named in a) (3 marks)

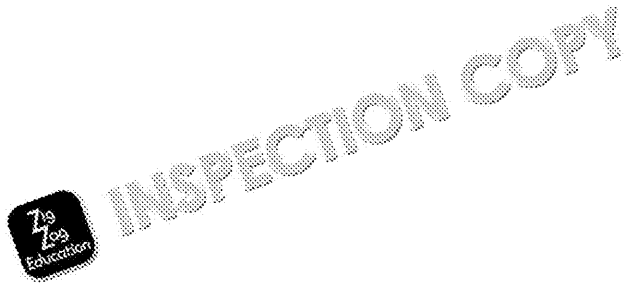
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Question 3 continues on the following page

c) Designers can use the 6 Rs to reduce the impact of their design

Choose three words from the list below:

Rethink

Reduce

Refuse

Repair

Reuse

Explain how using your chosen words would change the design produced in b).

Word selected:

Effect:



Word selected:

Effect:

.....

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Word selected:

Effect:

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Question 4 is about health and safety.
You are advised to spend about 12 minutes on this question.

- 4 a) Explain why it is important to consider health and safety issues with products.

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- b) Select one tool that you are familiar with from the following list. Circle it.



Sewing machine

vacuum forming machine

electric

soldering iron

CNC sticker cutter

kiln for

List two potential hazards of using the tool. For each, give a way to

For example, if the tool was a pillar drill, a hazard might be flying chips. A way to reduce the risk might be to wear goggles.

Potential hazard	Action to
1.	
2.	

- c) Explain the difference between immediate and cumulative risk.



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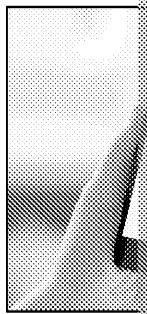
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Question 5 is about the evolution of product design.
You are advised to spend about 25 minutes on this question.

5 Telephones have changed over the years.



- a) Identify a design feature from the pictures shown above and use it to explain how the design has changed over time.



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- b) Identify two different features of a telephone where the designer would have used data. Explain how using this data would help to make sure that the design was successful.

Feature 1:

Data used:

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Feature 2:

Data used:

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Question 5 continues on the following page

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- c) When designing using anthropometric data, explain why the range percentile is important.

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- d) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of recycling. Explain how it is easier to recycle.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in your answer.

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- e) Define what is meant by market pull and technological push. Give designed in response to each.

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Question 6 is about manufacturing products.
You are advised to spend about 25 minutes on this question.

- 6 A local charity are planning to hold a fair to raise funds. Your class has a simple product to sell, using a batch manufacturing approach.
- a) You have been asked to design the product that your class will make. It must:
- be suitable to be manufactured in batches of 25
 - include a decorative feature

Use notes and/or sketches to show your product in the box below.
You will be asked to describe how the product will be manufactured.



- b) i. Name a suitable main material for your product.

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- ii. Explain why the material you have chosen in i) is suitable for manufacturing in batches of 25.

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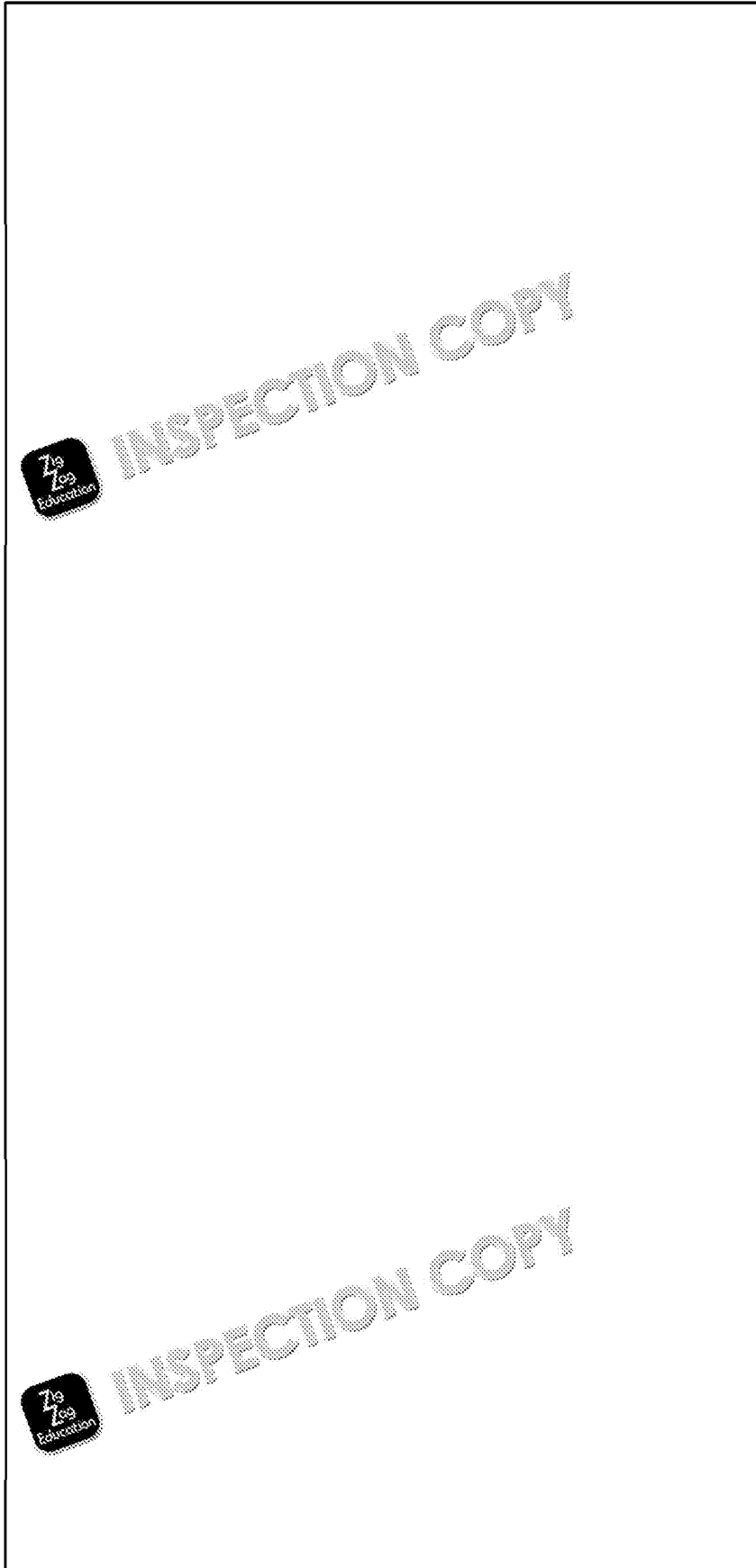
Question 6 continues on the following page

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- c) In the box below, use notes and/or sketches to show how your product is made. You should include quality control checks at each stage.



Question 6 continues on the following page

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- d) Students will work in teams. Each team will make 100 identical products.

In the space below, draw a layout to show how the production of your product is organised.

Marks will be awarded for:

- feasible layout and order of processes
- identification of tools and equipment
- showing how you ensure that each product is made to a high standard

The drawing area is a large rectangle. It features two diagonal watermarks that read 'INSPECTION COPY' in a light, dotted font. Additionally, there are two small logos for 'Zig Zag Education' placed within the rectangle, one near the top-left corner and one near the bottom-left corner.

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Practice Paper 1 Mark Scheme

Section A

1 a Originality:

- Award 5–6 marks if the response is fully compatible with the set drawn in proportion and would be fully effective. Solution has innovative commercially recognised features which enhance the product's appearance.
- Award 3–4 marks if part of response may be effective, but may have missing components which result in solution not being applicable. A simple solution with limited detail of innovative or commercial features which therefore may not enhance the product.
- Award 1–2 marks for a limited response which lacks significant features or a creative solution.

Link to images:

- Award 4 marks for a design containing multiple features or extensive detail related to the images and annotated with well-reasoned points.
- Award 3 marks for a design annotated with three or more features related to the images.
- Award 2 marks for simple annotation pointing out obvious features related to the images.
- Award 1 mark if the annotation is brief and superficial only, or if the annotation is transposed onto the design.

Manufacturing:

- Award 4–5 marks for an accurate and detailed explanation of how the product is manufactured, naming appropriate processes and relating these to specific features of the product.
- Award 3 marks for a sound explanation of how it could be manufactured, naming most of the processes used. The processes are appropriate. Some of the product may be related to the processes used.
- Award 2 marks for a simple explanation of how it could be manufactured, naming a few of the processes used. The processes are mostly appropriate.
- Award 1 mark for naming a few processes that could be used to manufacture the product. Some of the processes may not be appropriate.

Surface decoration:

- Award 4–5 marks for application of colour used to provide detail and decoration appropriate to the user and show any design features.
- Award 2–3 marks for reasonable application of colour to give some surface decoration. It may not be appropriate for the user or may lack detail.
- Award 1 mark for basic application of colour to give simplistic decoration. It may not have given detail or features.

b Award 1 mark each for three suitable methods (e.g. survey, interview, focus group) and a second mark each if details of how the method would be carried out are given.

c Award 1 mark for stating that quality control is checking products after they are made and a second mark for stating that quality assurance is putting systems in place to ensure the product is correct before it is made.

d Award 1 mark each for identifying three appropriate tests and a second mark each for how the test is carried out. Accept any suitable example.

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Section B

- 2 a Award 1 mark each for up to three valid materials – accept any named cartridge paper, tracing paper, layout paper, sugar paper, tissue paper, newsprint; corrugated card, mounting board, solid white board, foil-lined

Award a second mark for each if there is a valid application or example

Do not accept wallpaper, paper sizes (e.g. A4), card/cardboard, or laminated

- b Award 1 mark each for up to three suitable sizes given, e.g. A2, A3, A4

- c i Award 1 mark for a simple statement such as 'a material that has a property that changes in response to changes in its environment'. Award 2 marks if this is qualified as being irreversible or if it is stated that the change is reversible.

- ii Award 1 mark for a specifically named material, such as: quantum tunnelling composite, thermochromic pigment, photochromic pigment, shape-memory alloy (or similar)

Award 1 mark for naming the 'smart' property and a further mark for stating an environmental factor that the material reacts to. Award 1 mark for identifying a product. Some suggestions are listed in the following table.

Material	Property	Example
Quantum tunnelling composite	Material changes from an insulator to a conductor when compressed	Pressure sensor
Photochromic pigment	Becomes darker as light increases	Colour-changing lenses
Thermochromic pigment	Colour changes with temperature	Kettles, coffee cups, food packaging
Shape-memory alloy	When heated, metal returns to a 'remembered' shape; e.g. wire (Nitinol) shrinks by 5% in length when electrical current is passed through it	Spectacles, fire alarm bells

- 3 a Award 1 mark each for correctly identifying the two symbols (BSI Kitemark and European symbol).

Award 1 mark for stating that the products have been tested to a standard to meet safety requirements. Award a second mark for additional detail, such as the independent nature of testing or comparing with the different markings.

E.g.

- A product with the BSI Kitemark is independently tested (1) to ensure it meets a high quality and safety standard (1).
- The European symbol means that the product meets a minimum standard within the EU (1).
- Typically the BSI Kitemark is a guarantee of higher quality standard than the European symbol.

- b Award 1 mark each for up to three of the following points:
- They give the consumer confidence in the quality of the products.
 - They provide independent verification (or testing) of a product's performance.
 - They set safety standards, to protect the user.
 - Any other suitable answer.

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- 4 a Award 1 mark each for up to four of the following points:
- Brand identity is typically the attributes associated with a brand owner wants the consumer to perceive the brand (1) and by extension company, organisation, product or service (1).
 - A 'brand' involves using a name, term, colour, symbol, design or these to identify the goods or services to make them appealing.
 - Brands often speak to our self-image and aspirations.
 - Brands can give a product a personality or inferred characteristics 'swoosh', energy, movement.
 - Appropriate examples of brand identity.

- b Award 1 mark each for any four of the following:
leaflets or flyers; point-of-sale displays; viral marketing – Internet social buzzwords; school newspapers and magazines; TV, radio and cinema placement in TV programmes; billboard / bus stop / bus poster campaign sponsorship; celebrity endorsement; consumer advertising (large logos)

- c Award 1 mark for a simplistic statement which mentions one point only



Award 2 marks for a sound response showing a basic understanding of how advertising increases sales.

Award 3 marks for a concise, detailed response showing a good understanding of a specific method of advertising increases sales.

- 5 a Solution is fully feasible and suitable for manufacture in this quantity. Solution is appropriate and complements the design. (4 marks)

Solution might not be completely feasible/suitable for manufacture in this quantity. The decoration may not have been added or be appropriate or complement the design. (2–3 marks)

Solution is insufficiently detailed, not feasible or suitable for manufacture in this quantity. Surface decoration. (1 mark)

- b i Award 1 mark for any suitable material that is specifically named, e.g. aluminium, polystyrene, acrylic, felt, card, biscuit mix, pastry.

- ii Award 2 marks if the reason shows good understanding of the working properties of the material. Award 1 mark if the reason is vague and lacking in understanding of the material.

- c All main stages of manufacture listed correctly and in correct order. Appropriate quality control measures identified and in the correct place. (7–8 marks)

Most main stages of manufacture listed and correct, but may not be in the correct order. Appropriate quality control measures identified, but may not be in the correct place.

Some main stages of manufacture identified, but information may be incomplete and in wrong order. Appropriate quality control measures may not have been identified or may be incorrect for the manufacturing process. (3–4 marks)



None of the main stages of manufacture identified, or information is vague. Appropriate quality control measures have not been identified or are incorrect for the manufacturing process. (0–2 marks)

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- d A well-planned layout and feasible order of processes; sequence is clear with no omissions. Correctly named tools and equipment for major stages of manufacturing. Comprehensive and appropriate quality control measures and feedback included. Appropriate division of labour. Suitable for the scale of production. (8–10 marks)

A generally correct layout and sequence of manufacturing detailed, but with some omissions. Correctly named tools and equipment for major stages of manufacturing. Appropriate quality control measures and feedback included. Division of labour may be disproportionate for some tasks. Suitable for the scale of production. (6–7 marks)

Only part of the layout or process superficially detailed or unsuitable for the scale of production. Some tools and equipment are correctly named. Quality control measures and feedback may not be included or may not be appropriate to process. Division of labour may not be feasible or may have not been considered. (2–4 marks)

Limited or no response. (0–1 mark)

- 6 a For each method of production, award 1 mark each for two of the following points. Give an appropriate example of a product made using that approach.

- i Just one product made at a time
- Every product made this way is different
 - Often uses flexible, manual machines
 - Labour-intensive
- ii
- Small number of identical products manufactured
 - Jigs, fixtures and templates often used to aid production
 - May use manual processes or CAM machines
 - Machines changed over to produce batches of different products
- iii
- Very large number of products produced
 - Often uses a production line
 - Often involves high use of CAM equipment
 - Workers may have fewer skills than for smaller-volume production
 - Sub-assemblies may be used
- iv
- Only enough stock, materials or components purchased to cover immediate needs
 - Reduces cost of storage and overstocking
 - Allows production runs to be changed quickly
 - Production can be disrupted when supply fails

- b Award 1 mark for describing each of the following points, up to a maximum of 4 marks.

Advantages

- Products made to a consistent/high quality
- Less chance of human error affecting product quality
- More efficient, accurate and faster production
- Not as many people need to be employed as machines run automatically

Disadvantages:

- CAM equipment can be expensive to purchase
- Users have to spend time learning how to use the equipment; or spend time/money training staff
- Less job availability for jobseekers
- Other suitable comments should also gain credit

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c 6 marks to be awarded in answer to question and 4 marks for QWC.

Award 1 mark for describing each of the following points, up to a maximum of 6 marks.

- Risk assessment and compliance with health and safety rules
- The organisation and storage of materials/components/ingredients
- The design and production of products in a systematic way
- Special buildings or places of work, building requirements
- The organisation of people, job roles, etc.
- The organisation of tools and equipment
- Outputs of manufacturing, such as disposing or recycling of waste and associated environmental issues
- Use of ICT to help people communicate with each other effectively
- Ways of changing the shape and form of materials to increase efficiency
- Ways of using tools and equipment to transform the materials
- Quality assurance and quality control
- Efficient working methods for efficiency savings during production
- Safe disposal of unwanted materials

Other relevant comments should also gain credit

4 marks – excellent QWC with no obvious errors

3 marks – good coverage with very few grammatical errors

2 marks – coverage but with some obvious errors

1 mark – poor coverage and significant errors present

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Practice Paper 2 Mark Scheme

Section A

- 1 a Award 1 mark each for up to four of the following: protect, inform, contain, preserve and display.

b Originality:

- Award 5–6 marks if the response is fully compatible with packaging image and is drawn in proportion.
- Award 3–4 marks if part of response may be effective, but may not be repeated, or might not be appropriate. Design may be a limited detail.
- Award 1–2 marks for a limited response which lacks significant or creative solution

Link to images:

- Award 4 marks for design containing multiple features or extensive detail linked to the images and annotated with well-reasoned points.
- Award 3 marks for a design annotated with three or more features by the images.
- Award 2 marks for simple annotation pointing out obvious features on images.
- Award 1 mark if the annotation is brief and superficial only, or transposed onto the design.

Presentation:

- Award 4–5 marks for a clear and good-quality drawing with appropriate use of colour used to provide detail.
- Award 2–3 marks for a reasonable drawing with some application, but may be simplistic and lack detail.
- Award 1 mark for a simple sketch with no use of colour. It may lack features.

- c Award 1 mark each for up to three sensible design criterion identified and chosen target user, and a second mark each for up to three appropriate reasons: durable / must not break in use; weather resistant / used outside; manual / reduce cost; material; weight; dimensions; ergonomics.

Give credit for the reason where appropriate even if the design criterion is the reverse.

Do not award a mark for a reason that is not relevant or incorrect or inappropriate for the user, or repeats the requirement for a repeat image.

- d Award 1 mark for a suitable sustainable material such as paper or hessian for up to two suitable reasons, e.g. sustainability, cost, strength, ease of use.

Do not award a mark for plastic bag.

- e Award 1 mark for naming a suitable method. Award 1 mark each for any two suitable details in the design process.

The sustainable materials required

The equipment used

The steps in the process to produce the design (e.g. creating a template, printing)

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Section B

- 2 a i Award marks as follows, where the candidate describes an appropriate conversion for the stated material.

Award 1 mark for a limited or simplistic statement which mentions only process.

Award 2 marks for a response showing a basic understanding of the process identifying up to two steps in the process.

Award 3 marks for a sound response showing a good understanding of the process.

Award 4 marks for a concise, detailed response showing a good understanding of the conversion process.

- ii Award 1 mark for each up to a maximum of 4 marks for two appropriate (e.g. wheels, bar, tube) and a second mark for each explanation of the process.

- b i Award mark for suitable point: pre-prepared component or ingredient, standard component, component that is 'bought in'.

- ii Answers may include the following points:
- It is more cost-effective to buy these parts than to invest in the machinery to make them.
 - Suppliers can get economies of scale by making the same product in large quantities.
 - The parts are of more consistent quality than if they were made in small quantities.
 - It is cheaper to buy them than the cost of labour to make them.

Award 1 mark for a limited or simplistic statement which mentions only one point.

Award 2 marks for a sound response mentioning two points briefly or concisely.

Award 3 marks for a concise, detailed response that includes three basic points with additional explanation and a basic point.

- 3 a Award 1 mark each for two appropriate design movements, e.g. Arts and Crafts, Art Nouveau, Art Deco, Bauhaus, Modernism, De Stijl, Memphis, Postmodernism.

- b Award 1 mark each for typical features of the selected design movement. Maximum of 3 marks in total.

Award 1 mark each for stating typical features of the other design movement. Maximum of 3 marks in total or comparing the stated characteristics, e.g. inspiration, differences in appearance or function, contrasting differences using materials.

Drawing – select an appropriate mark as follows:

Award 1 mark for a written response which lacks significant detail.

Award 2 marks if a recognisable drawing technique is used for at least two of the items to a reasonable standard.

Award 3 marks if a recognisable drawing technique is used for the drawing to a good standard with some detail.

Award 4 marks if a recognisable drawing technique is used to a good standard with appropriate rendering and detail.

Examples of some of the characteristics are shown below:

- Arts and Crafts – Inspired by organic shapes and patterns found in nature, traditional craft techniques and expensive materials.
- Art Deco – Bright and bold style. Much use of geometric shapes, streamlined window design. Also influenced by Egyptian art, such as Tutankhamun's tomb.
- Art Nouveau – Based on the organic lines of climbing plants and flowers.

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- often used by designers of glass, furniture, fabrics and wrought iron.
- Bauhaus – Modern materials and mass production methods. Functionalism.
- De Stijl – Geometric designs, using basic shapes and primary colours. Essential colour and form used in the design.
- Memphis – Used industrial materials and unconventional materials (plastics, laminates). Inspired by historic forms, kitsch motifs and gaudy colours.
- Modernism – Ergonomic designs using appropriate materials and methods. Often used geometric shapes that were easy to mass produce.
- Post-modernism – Anti-design. Products look unintentional or weren't really designed.

- c Award 1 mark each for a simple or limited statement. Award 2 marks each for an explanation that relates to the design or use of the product.

Examples of definitions:

- Rethink – reviewing the design or functions of the product and what is actually needed.
- Reduce – redesigning the product so that less material or energy is used in manufacture and use.
- Refuse – not using a product, material or process if it is not the best for the environment.
- Repair – extending the life of the product, by designing it to allow for maintenance.
- Reuse – redesigning the product so that its parts or components can be used in other products without modification.
- Recycle – ensuring that the materials used to make the product can be used to make other products.

- 4 a Award 1 mark for each of the following points, up to a maximum of 2 marks. To ensure that people can use equipment/machines confidently (1) and safely (1) and themselves (1) and/or others (1).

- b Award 1 mark each for stating two hazards and a second mark each for stating two actions.

- c Award up to a maximum of 2 marks, as follows:
Immediate risk is something that poses a potential safety risk straight away (1 mark); cumulative risk is a combination of seemingly benign incidents/risks added together can cause a safety issue/risk (1 mark).
Accept similar wording.

- 5 a Award 1 mark each for identifying a different design feature. Award a further mark for providing a rationale for the change.

E.g. change from dial to screen dialling, reducing size or due to improved technology; reductions in size due to the development of microelectronics; shape due to increased consideration of ergonomic factors in design.

- b Award 1 mark each for identifying appropriate features, such as buttons, weight, separation between speaker and microphone, etc.

For each feature, award 1 mark for describing an appropriate type of design feature, and a further mark for the explanation (e.g. so that individual can use without pressing another, to make it comfortable to hold without pressing another).

- c Award 1 mark for a limited or simplistic statement, e.g. referring in general terms.

Award 2 marks for a sound description of the 5th to 95th percentile.

Award 3 marks for a detailed description of the 5th to 95th percentile explanation by designers to ensure that products are ergonomic and comfortable for use.

- d 6 marks to be awarded in answer to question and 4 marks for QWC.

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Award 1 mark for up to a maximum of six of the following points:

Advantages

- Less energy is needed to recycle materials than to make new materials
- Reduces the need for new materials
- Can reduce the cost of a product (where the recycled material is cheaper)
- Reduces waste
- Moves from a linear economy to a circular economy

Disadvantages

- Materials need to be separated for recycling
- Design needs to allow for disassembly
- Materials need to be clearly identified
- Quality of materials may be reduced by recycling

Also:

- Some products are not suitable for recycling, such as electronic components

And an appropriate point

4 marks – excellent QWC with no obvious errors

3 marks – good coverage with very few grammatical errors

2 marks – coverage but with some obvious errors

1 mark – poor coverage and significant errors present

- e Award 1 mark each for defining the two terms. Award a further mark to an appropriate example.

E.g. Market pull is where products are developed in response to a known need (1). Fridges were developed to meet the need to keep food fresh for a long time (1). Technology push is where products are developed due to improvements in materials or processes (1), before consumers know that they have a need. Developments in microelectronics mean that mobile phones can now have cameras.

- 6 a Solution is fully feasible and suitable for manufacture in this quantity. Surface decoration is appropriate and complements the design. (4 marks)

Solution might not be completely feasible /suitable for manufacture in this quantity. Surface decoration may not have been added or be appropriate or complement the design. (2 marks)

Solution is insufficiently detailed, not feasible or suitable for manufacture in this quantity. Surface decoration is missing. (1 mark)

- b i Award 1 mark for any suitable material that is specifically named, e.g. aluminium, polystyrene, acrylic, felt, card, biscuit, wax, pastry.
- ii Award 2 marks if the reason shows good understanding of the working of the material. Award 1 mark if the reason is vague and lacking in understanding of the material.

- c Main stages of manufacture listed correctly and in correct order. Appropriate quality control measures identified and in the correct place. (7–8 marks)

Most main stages of manufacture listed and correct, but may not be in correct order. Appropriate quality control measures identified but may not be in correct order. Some main stages of manufacture identified, but information may be incomplete and in wrong order. Appropriate quality control measures may not have been identified or may be incorrect for the manufacturing process. (3–4 marks)

Little or no main stages of manufacture identified, or information is vague and incomplete. Appropriate quality control measures have not been identified or are incorrect for the manufacturing process. (0–2 marks)

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- d A well-planned layout and feasible order of processes; sequence is clear with no omissions. Correctly named tools and equipment for major stages of manufacturing. Comprehensive and appropriate quality control measures and feedback included. Appropriate division of labour. Suitable for the scale of production. (8–10 marks)

A generally correct layout and sequence of manufacturing detailed, but with some omissions. Correctly named tools and equipment for major stages of manufacturing. Appropriate quality control measures and feedback included. Division of labour but may be disproportionate for some tasks. Suitable for the scale of production. (6–7 marks)

Only part of the layout or process superficially detailed or unsuitable for production. Some tools and equipment are correctly named. Quality control measures and feedback may not be included or may not be appropriate to process. Division of labour may not be feasible or may have not been considered. (2–4 marks)

Limited or no response (1 mark)



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