

Photocopiable/digital resources may only be copied by the purchasing institution on a single site and for their own use

Contents

Thank You for Choosing ZigZag Education	ii
Teacher Feedback Opportunity	iii
Terms and Conditions of Use	iv
Teacher's Introduction	1
Programming Exercises: Teacher Notes	2
Suggested Question Combinations	2
Possible Additional Questions	2
Pre-Release Commentary	3
Description of the Program	3
Description of Program Elements	4
Description of Program Routines	5
Structure Chart Activity	9
Programming Theory Questions	10
Write-on format	10
Non- write-on format	14
Programming Exercises	16
Answers and Solutions	21
Structure Chart (Solution)	21
Programming Theory Questions (Answers)	22
Programming Exercises (Solutions)	23
Appendices	40
Further Modifications	40
Electronic Answer Document (EAD) Printout	41

Teacher's Introduction

This pack is designed to help you support your students taking the AQA Computit is based on the AQA Paper 1 'AQA Warships' preliminary material (PASCAL) – for

1 Pre-release Commentary (for teachers)
A detailed overview of the skeleton program, describing all PASCAL code
This section is designed to help you get to grips with the program, so that you can students. This commentary is not designed to be given to students before they have themselves, and if used in this way could lead to misconceptions of how the program.

② Structure Chart Activity

A partially incomplete diagram for sted in the complete while getting to any missing routines and verification added to the diagram. A compositions section at the resource.

3 Programmers Questions
Theoremsestions test students' understanding of the 'AQA Warships' code exam. These are provided in both write-on and non-write-on format.

4 Programming Exercises

Modification exercises put students' programming skills to the test, like Sean Electronic Answer Document (EAD) and the modified PASCAL code are

Answers and solutions for the structure chart activity, theory questions and program page 21 onwards. Note that for the programming exercises in particular, the you must use your discretion to award marks accordingly where there are valid

The **Appendices** contains some additional resources, including:

- Further modifications worksheet: a template for brainstorming further en program. This is suggested as a group activity, so that students (and the thus increasing the likelihood of covering every area that will come up in
- Electronic Answer Document (EAD) printout: hard copy version of the file



The accompanying CD includes the following files (inside the F

- MODIFIED_PASCAL_CODE.txt text file containing the add code as shown in the mark scheme for section (4) (from page
- PAPER1_EAD.docx Electronic Answ@cument for complete

This resource is intended to hemselves and their students appropriately. You material to hemselves and their students appropriately. You material to have a more yourself and to help you prepare your lessons teaching. You also consider whether it is appropriate to hand out some to use some of the activities for classwork or homework. You may also considered to be worked through by your students more independential, it is the teacher's responsibility to decide in what way to assist the this resource in particular can be used to fit into that assistance.

The resources here are provided as an interpretation of the pre-release name have any special knowledge of what to expect on any particular exam.



Programming Exercises: Teacher

Suggested Question Combinations

It is not envisaged that a student would complete all questions in a 1-hour period One approach is to get students to work through all the questions under 'open-be followed up by setting combinations of the questions under test conditions s

- No access to previously created code
- No access to notes
- · No access to the Internet
- No collaboration
- Strict time limit

Suggested question county at an and time limits for these tests are as follows:

Q1, Q2 & (7	∠5 minutes
Q3, Q5, Q6 & Q1	30 minutes
Q8 & Q9	20 minutes
Q10 & Q11	25 minutes

Q8 & Q12	30 minutes
Q13 & Q15	60 minutes
Q8 & Q14	35 minutes

It is also useful (and fun) to get students to come out and solve a question 'live' classmates.

Possible Additional Questions

- 1. When the game has finished, tell the user how accurate they were as a percentist by the total number of shots. E.g. 10 hits, 30 shots = 33% hit rate. Only
- 2. One shot sinks a ship.
- 3. Sea mine is placed on the board. If the player hits it, they lose and the game
- 4. Change the game so the fleet is five Battleships.
- 5. Create a two-player game.
- 6. Change the blast radius so that a torpedo also hits ships in adjacent squares
- 7. Change the dimensions of the board.
- 8. Create the option to send a sonar ping down a column or row which temposities.
- 9. Add an ammo store to the board. If the player hits it the get 10 more torpe
- 10. Change the program so that both coordinate at a sone input.
- 11. Make each ship type have a defact on section.
- 12. Ask for the user's name of the game, and when they win show the [name]!"
- 13. Allow u pack to the main menu
- 14. Change the torpedo to a missile that obliterates a 9 square block.
- 15. Change the game so that the user places the ships and the computer fires the
- 16. Adapt the missile task (above) so that the user can choose whether to use a fire a maximum of 2 missiles
- 17. Add a main menu option which will allow you to select which ships are to be
- 18. Enhance the computer player in task 15 further so that if it hits a square it was squares until a ship is sunk



Pre-Release Commentary

AQA WARSHIPS

Description of the Program

The program is designed to play a game which is similar to littleships.

There are five ships hidden on a 10-by 13 kg. The players takes shots at different column (0-9) and a row (0- $\frac{1}{2}$ kg. $\frac{1$

The ships a

s are as follows:

Aircraft carrier — 5 cells

Battleship — 4 cells

Submarine — 3 cells

Destroyer — 3 cells

Patrol Boat — 2 cells

Ships can be either horizontal or vertical on the board.

The program consists of one constant (TrainingGame) which holds the filename the board. This is then populated into Board (a two-dimensional array of Chars) cell are: — (empty sea), A (a piece of aircraft carrier), B (a piece of battleship), S (a of destroyer), P (a piece of Patrol Boat), m (an empty square that has already been contained a piece of ship and has been hit).

The program has two possible starts: the first is where the position of the ships is second where random positions for the ships are generated by the computer. To additional code as the ships cannot overlap or go off the board and this is check.

The game proceeds by asking the player for a column and on a row. The prograt this index in the Board array. If it is a — this is new replaced by an m. If it is a this is replaced by an h. If this position are yearned as a moran h, a message fired here is displayed.

If a position

board is entered, the program will stop functioning.

To complete and end the game you must sink all parts of each ship. There is no a player may take. The player can keep firing until they have hit every square.



Description of Program Elements

The program consists of several routines to determine the validity of moves and who has won. The program elements that are used are described in order below.

Element	Type	
Element	Type	Jes 11 J
TShip	User-defined type from: in it is a variable is define	Declares a type of Record to contain d
Name	A still to a first record structure.	String type to store the ship's name as
Size 709	integer type within a record structure.	Integer type to store the ship's length
TBoard	User-defined type from which the Board variable is defined.	Declares a type of 2 dimensional array
Ship	User-defined variable which contains the data name and size	Stores the name and size of a ship
Ships	An array of ship	Stores the name and size of all the shi
Board	A two-dimensional array of characters	Stores the current state of the board
TrainingGame	A string constant	Stores the filename of the training file
MenuOption	An integer variable	Used to store w' at number the user ha
Row	An integer variable	fo t e the row on the board
Column	An integer variable	used to store the column on the board
Orientation	A char vari	Stores direction of a ship: V for vertica
HorV 79	1 variable	Used to randomly generate the oriental horizontal

COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Description of Program Routines

The program functions 🖲 and procedures 🕑 are described below.

Routine	Description		
CheckWin F	Receives: Board	Checks	every position in bo
	Returns: Booles	Return	s False if it finds a p
	Called Constitution Constitution	Return	s True if it checks ev
DisplayMenu P	14 giv nothing	A simp	le procedure that pr
	eturns: nothing		
T/A	Called from: main program		
GetMainMen Choice F	Receives: nothing	Handle	s the user's menu c
	Returns: integer	1.	Prompts the user t
	Called from: main program	2.	Returns that numb
GetRowColumn (P)	Receives: Row (by reference),	1.	Prompts the user f
Gethow column	Column (by reference)	2.	Prompts the user f
	Returns: nothing	3.	Returns Row and 🤇
	Called from: MakePlayerMove		
LoadGame (P)	Receives: FileName, Board (by reference)	1.	Links the data con
LoadGaille	Returns: nothing	2.	Reads in a row of
	Called from: main program	3.	Then chops that li
			the board. Board (
			Repeats for all 10
		<i>≫</i> 5.	Closes the file
MakePlayerMove (P)	Receives: Boar () efe > 56%	1.	Receives the row
mance my armora	Sh ¹ Jy rei 🔞 cey 🛒	2.	Splits them into se
	lacat from the	3.	Checks whether th
	lighted from: PlayGame	4.	Checks whether th
	-	5.	If neither 3 nor 4 a

COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Description			
Receives: Board (by reference), Ships	This procedure is not used when the training game is selected.		
Returns: nothing Called from: main program	It generates a random row, column and a third number (HorV) to decide whether the ship runs horizontally or vertically.		
	It then uses the function ValidateBoatPosition to check whether there is already a boat running through that position, and that all of the boat is placed on the board (and doesn't run off the edge). If the position is suitable, the boat is placed using PlaceShip. If not, another position and orientation is generated. This continues until all ships have been placed. Board update by reference.		
Receives: Board, Ship, Row, Column, Orientation	Places the ships on the board.		
Returns: nothing Called from: PlaceRandomShips	Uses For loop that counts up to the size of the ship being placed (this is stored in Ship.Size). The loop counter is called scan. Scan is added to row when placing a vertical ship (so that the column remains the same). Scan is added to column when placing a horizontal ship (so that the row remains the same).		
	The board is populated in occupied positions with the first letter of the name of the ship.		
Receives: board, ships	Starts a game and keeps it running:		
Returns: nothing Called from: main program	 Sets the Boolean GameWon to False Starts a While loop that keeps checking the value of GameWon and continues while it is False Displays the board Gets the player to bomb a square (make a move) Checks to see whether the game has been won (if it has, the value of GameWon will now be True and the loop will exit after this iteration) Prints a success message if the game has been won 		



SetUpBoard Receives: Board (by reference) Returns: nothing Called from: PlayGame 2. a For loop is used. 3.1. Prints the row nothing and seturns and			
Returns: nothing Called from: PlayGame 1. Starts off by displaying 2. A For loop is use 3.1. Prints the row nothing 3.2. Second For loop 3.2.1. An empty second se	Routine	Description	
SetUpBoard Receives: Board (by reference) Returns: nothing Called from: main program Receives: Ships (by reference) Receives: Ships (by reference) SetUpShips P Receives: Ships (by reference) Initialises the ships in the	PrintBoard ®	Returns: nothing	 Starts off by displaying a m For loop is used to ester For loops now displaying
Returns: nothing Called from: main program Some of these dashes will Board updated by reference SetUpShips P Receives: Ships (by reference) Initialises the ships in the	72.3		3.2. Second For loop work: 3.2.1. An empty square 3.2.2. A square with shi 3.2.3. Anything else (a l
	SetUpBoard Edization	Returns: nothing	ce) 1. Cycles through all positions o 1.1. Assigns all positions o Some of these dashes will be re Board updated by reference.
Called from: main program Ships updated by reference	SetUpShips ®	Returns: nothing	ce) Initialises the ships in the array Sets the name of each ship. Set Ships updated by reference.
Validateboati objeton o	ValidateBoatPosition (F)	2	Column, Checks to see whether it is possway? Does the boat run off the
Called from: PlaceRandomShips 7 the column number then it will go off the 3. If the ship is vertical: 3.1. A For loop scans 3.1.1. If a position 4. If the ship is horizont 4.1. A For loop scans 4.1.1. If a position	79 Education		 the column number plus then it will go off the edge If the ship is vertical: 3.1. A For loop scans along 3.1.1. If a position isn't If the ship is horizontal: A For loop scans along 4.1. A For loop scans along 4.1.1. If a position isn't If this part of the function i

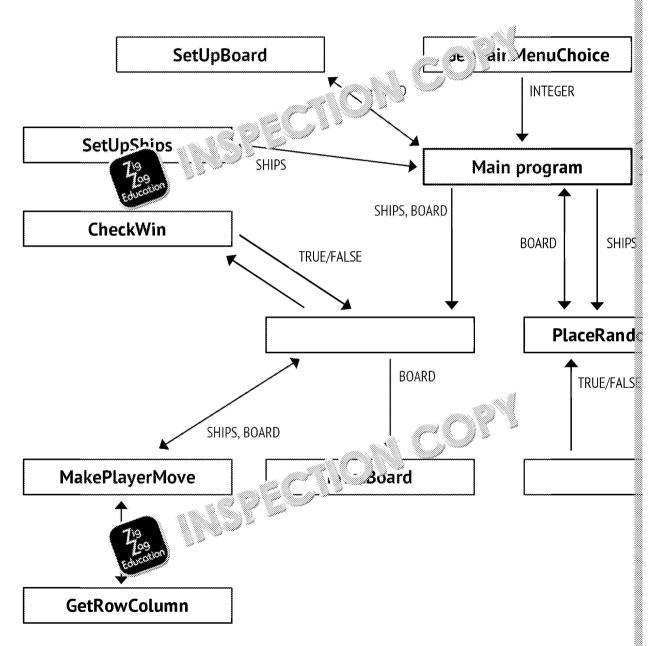


wasn't 9) 2. Starts a While loop that continues until the per selects option 9 (to 2.1. Populates Board with data by 1/2 Se JpBoard (this would recovered to 2.2. Populates Ships with data by 1/2 Se JpBoard (this would recovered to 2.3. Displays the selects option 1 to 2.4. Color of 2.5.1. The board is populated by the ships in random locations 2.5.2. The game is started 2.6. If the user picks option 2: 2.6.1. The board is populated from the training text file 3. The game is started Var Const Type definitions 1. Sets the constant TrainingGame to the correct filename; the default 2. Declares (creates) a two-dimensional array of String type TBoard, to	Routine	Description
Var Const Type 1. Sets the constant TrainingGame to the correct filename; the default 2. Declares (creates) a two-dimensional array of String type TBoard, to	Main program	wasn't 9) 2. Starts a While loop that continues until the ver selects option 9 (to 2.1. Populates Board with data by 1. Se JpBoard (this would re 2.2. Populates Ships with data by 1. Se JpBoard (this would re 2.3. Displays the 1. Called DisplayMenu 2.4. College of the user's choice and stores it in the perpicks option 1: 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
2. Declares (creates) a two-dimensional array of String type TBoard, to	Var Const Type	
3. Declares a record structure for TShip to be used to create variables	ļ .	2. Declares (creates) a two-dimensional array of String type TBoard, to
4. Declares (creates) an array of ships type to be used to create variab	deminuons	





AQA WARSH





Programming Theory Question

These questions refer to the Preliminary Material and require you to load but do not require any additional programming.

1.	State the name of an identifier for:					
	(a)	a) An array or list variable				
	(b)	A subroutine that has five parameters				
	(c)	A variable that is: Sole a whole number				
	(d)	A suproutine that returns one or more values				
	(e)	A variable that stores a Boolean value				
2.		ok at the function ValidateBoatPosition. at is the purpose of the variable orientation?				
3	Wh	at data is stored for each ship?				
4.	Loc Wh	ok at the procedurg is the While loop?				



The subroutine CheckWin uses the code Board[Row][Column], with two se whereas the subroutine SetUpShips uses the code Ships[1] with just one s Explain the difference between using one set of square brackets compared Explain the operation of the procedure PlaceShip. The skeleton program utilises the variable Board. (a) Describe the data structure held by Board. (b) How is the data stored and used in this structure? State the name of an identifier for: (a) A subroutine that contains a nested loop (b) A user-defined data type at stores text (d) A constant (e) A library function with exactly one parameter that returns an integer v



9.	Lool	k at the procedure PrintBoard.	
	(a)	What lines of code print the column headings?	
	(b)	What is the advantage of this method over 'hard-coding'?	
10.	This	que to the routines PlaceRandomShips and LoadGa	
	Thes	se routines both use a local variable called Row. What are local variable nese routines what is an advantage of utilising local variables?	
11.		procedure PrintBoard utilises a For loop, whereas the main program utilist is the difference between a For loop and a While loop?	
12			COPYRIGHT PROTECTED
12.		tBoard is a procedure, where a procedure and a function. cribe the difference of veen a procedure and a function.	7iq
			Zag Education

13.	What is the purpose of the following line?			
	CI	oseFile(CurrentFile);		
14.	Wha	at is the purpose of these lines?		
	1	eadIn(CurrentFile, Line);		
	,	For Column := 0 To 9 Do		
		Board[Row][Column] := Line[Column		
15.	The	LoadGame procedure uses the file Training.txt by default.		
	(a)	What would happen to the program if Training.txt did not exist?		
	(b)	Describe how we would change the program to solve this.		
		7,3		
		education)		



Programming Theory Questio

These questions refer to the Preliminary Material and require you to load but do not require any additional programming.

- State the name of an identifier for:
 - (a) An array or list variable
 - (b) A subroutine that has five parameters
 - (c) A variable that is used to store a whole number
 - (d) A subroutine that returns one or more values
 - (e) A variable that stores a Boot and and
- 2. andateBoatPosition. Look a urpose of the variable orientation?
- What data is stored for each ship? 3
- Look at the procedure PlayGame. What is the purpose of the While loop?
- The subroutine CheckWin uses the code Board[Row][Column], with two se whereas the subroutine SetUpShips uses the code Ships[1] with just one s Explain the difference between using one set of square brackets compared
- Explain the operation of the procedure PlaceShip.
- The skeleton program utilises the variable board.
 - (a) Describe the data structure held by board.
 - (b) How is the data stored and used in this structure?
- (a) A subroutine that contains a nonline operation described descr
 - (b) A user-defined dat
 - າ ວະບາes text

 - (e) A library function with exactly one parameter that returns an integer v
- Look at the procedure PrintBoard.
 - (a) What lines of code print the column headings?
 - (b) What is the advantage of this method over 'hard-coding'?



- 11. The procedure PrintBoard utilises a For loop, whereas the main program ut What is the difference between a For loop and a While loop?
- 12. PrintBoard is a procedure, whereas GetMainMenuChoice is a function.

 Describe the difference between a procedure and ion.
- 13. What is the purpose of the f സംവിച്ച് നട?

CloseFite (Cuartines);

14. What is the purpose of these lines?

ReadIn(CurrentFile, Line);

For Column := 0 To 9 Do

Board[Row][Column] := Line[Column + 1];

- 15. The LoadGame procedure uses the file Training.txt by default.
 - (a) What would happen to the program if Training.txt did not exist?
 - (b) Describe how we would change the program to solve this.





Programming Exercises

The following require you to open the skeleton program and make modifications. The and illustrate how you should prepare your answers

Question 1

This question refers to GetRowColumn.

It is currently possible to fire at coordinates that are off the board, crashing the that this is not possible. If a square off the board is tray and, he message: 'Sorry Please select again.' should be displayed and the incorporated to re-enter.

Evidence you need to use we

- SCREL
 TURE(S) of testing a shot at column 14 row -8

Question 2

This question refers to PlayGame.

It is currently possible to fire at every square in order until you find every ship. A only has 20 torpedoes. The number of torpedoes should decrease by 1 after every screen. When the number of torpedoes reaches 0, the message 'GAME OVER! You displayed and the game should end.

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for PlayGame.
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of testing showing the number of torpedoes going d message

Question 3

This question refers to DisplayMenu and the main hogram.

Alter the menu so that and also displayed between options 2 and 9.

The menu (12) di Jay 3. Load saved game'.

If option 3 is each, that program should display 'OPTION 3 EXECUTED'.

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for DisplayMenu and the main p
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of testing



This question refers to the main program.

Alter the procedure so that if the user enters 9 they are prompted with an 'Are yerspond Y will the program quit.

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for the main program
- · SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of testing

Ouestion 5

This question refers to ' a program.

Option 3 cu is just displays a message. Amend it so that it prompts the user this file and pays the game.

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for the main program
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of testing using the filename 'Training.txt'

Question 6

Create a procedure called SaveGame. It should accept the board as a parameter variable called filename.

It should then save the current state of the board to a text file named the value of format as Training.txt.

Evidence you need to provide

Your SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for SaveGame

Question 7

This question refers to PlayGame.

After a player has made a move sitely so and be prompted: 'Do you want to save If the player enters Y till so old then be prompted for a filename and the game created in the save site.'

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for PlayGame
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of loading a game saved by the user



This question refers to multiple sections of the skeleton code.

Create a menu option '4. Board Test'. It will set up a board and then display the generated board (revealing the location of the ships). After the board has been return to the main menu. A procedure called RealBoard (similar to PrintBoard) shoard.

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended sections of SOURCE CODE PCO Replied highlighting your charge.
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of testing



This question refers to multiple sections of the skeleton code.

A new ship has joined the fleet called a Frigate. It has a length of 3. Amend the placed in addition to the original ships when option 1 or 4 is selected. 'F' will rep

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended sections of the SOURCE CODE PROGRAM highlighting you
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) using menu option 4 to show the Frigate

Question 10

This question refers to MakePlayerMove.

When a player misses, a radar scan of the adjacent cells should be performed. If section of ship, the message 'Enemy Near!' should be displayed. If not, the message displayed. You should create a function called RadarScan that returns a Boolean enemy near).

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended SOURCE ସଂଯମ୍ପ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟୟM for MakePlayerMove
- Your new SOUT SOUE ROGRAM for RadarScan
- SCRE TONE(S) showing both types of radar scan message



This question refers to PlayGame.

When a ship is hit its type must be displayed, e.g.:

Hit Aircraft Carrier at (8,6)

Evidence you need to provide

- · Your amended SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for PlayGame
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of a successful hit and the message

Question 12

This question refers to " and alidateBoatPosition and PlaceRandomShips.

Amend the has most that all ships can be placed diagonally down and to the board or overap with other ships, e.g.:

В			
	В		
		В	
			В

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended sections of the SOURCE CODE PROGRAM highlighting you
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of a board generated by option 4 showing at least or

Question 13

This question refers to MakePlayerMove.

Amend the program so that if a ship is hit its size is reduced by 1.

A message will then display how many pieces of the ship are left to hit.

e.g.

Hit Battleship at (5,3)

There are 3 pieces of Battleship left

When the size reaches zero an rainal and ressage should say that the ship has

e.g.

Hit Battlesh (28,6)

There are 0 pieces of Battleship left

YOU SANK THE BATTLESHIP

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended SOURCE CODE PROGRAM for MakePlayerMove
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) of a ship being sunk



This question refers to multiple sections of the skeleton code.

A new menu option needs to be added: '5. Manually place ships'.

When selected the user will be prompted for the starting square and orientation program will then check whether this location is valid using ValidateBoatPositic selected, a message will confirm that the ship is placed and then place the ship

e.g. Aircraft Carrier successfully placed at (1,3)

If ValidateBoatPosition returns False an error message will be displayed.

e.g. Invalid location. Please choose again.

After each ship has been placed, the Realing projective should display the positive and the positive should display the positive and the positive should display the posit

When all ships are placed the should begin.

Evidence y

d to provide

- Your amended sections of the SOURCE CODE PROGRAM highlighting you
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) showing the board before and after the submarine is

Question 15

This question refers to multiple sections of the skeleton code.

Create a variable to store the current player's score. Everybody starts at 0. Add score is better.

Create a user-defined data structure (similar to ship) called score. It should contain a name and a score in suitable data types.

An array/list of five scores will store the scores.

Create a procedure (similar to SetUpBoard and SetUpShips) called SetUpScores. with the following data. It should only do this once when the program is first rule.

George	17
Paul	19
John	23
Ringo	25
Bryan	35

Create a menu option '6. Display high soon when that executes a suitable proc

Create a procedure to by the high-score table called BubSortScores.

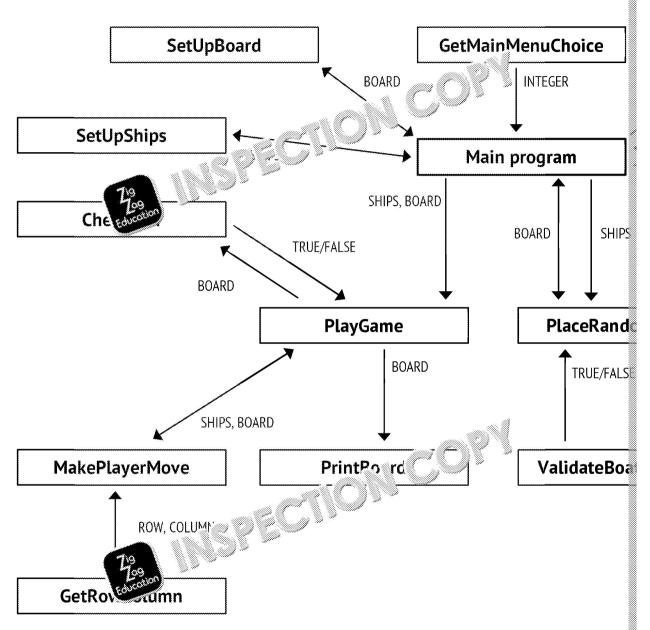
If a player state a lower score on the table (remember that a lower score on the table replaced with their name (you will need to prompt for this) a using BubSortScores.

Evidence you need to provide

- Your amended sections of the SOURCE CODE PROGRAM highlighting you
- SCREEN CAPTURE(S) showing the table being displayed before and after a



Structure Chart (Solution)





Programming Theory Questions (Answers)

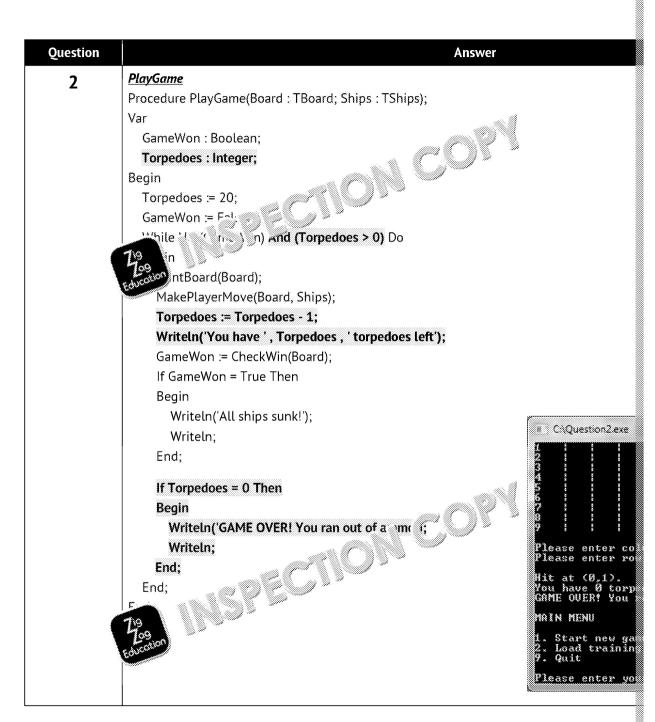
Q	Marking Guidance
1a	Ships / Board
1b	ValidateBoatPosition
1c	Row / Column / HorV / MenuOption
1d	GetRowColumn / ValidateBoatPosition / CheckWin / GetMainMenuChoice
1e	Valid / GameWon
2	To store whether the boat should be vertically or horizontally positioned (1 r board (1 mark)
3	Name (1 mark), Size (1 mark)
4	To ensure that the board is reprinted if the user input requested a (1 mark) while the game is only now (1 mark).
5	One set of bracing, sea with a one-dimensional array (1 mark), two sets o two-
6	To chemether the ship can be placed on the board (1 mark) by ensuring t edge of the board (1 mark) or run across another ship (1 mark). A value of True will only be returned if neither of these situations is the case
	Character array / char array / 2D array of characters
7a 7b	Two-dimensional array (1 mark) / 10-by-10 array (1 mark) / One dimension for
70	One dimension for the row (1 mark) / A row, column / x , y value is used to refer
8a	LoadGame / PlaceRandomShips
8b	Ship (reject Ships; this is an array)
8c	Line (reject TrainingGame; this is a constant)
8d	TrainingGame
8e	Random
9a	1 mark for print line, 2 marks for For loop: For Column := 0 To 9 Do Write(' Column ' '):
01	Write(' ', Column, ' ');
9b	It is easier to modify the game (1 mark), it allows many lines of code to be co (1 mark).
10	Local variable: stores a value for only that particular routine. The value is los exited (1 mark).
	Both routines can use the <u>same variable names</u> to travers the array <u>without</u> (2 marks for showing understanding of underline described by the array without the partial underline described by the parti
11	A For loop repeats a set number of times is before the loop starts (1 mark). While loop repeats a set number of times (1 mark) while a certain of
12	A profise called by the program which performs a set of action A function a routine called within an expression which returns a result (1 n
13	The file must be closed after it has been used or it cannot be accessed by oth
14	Reads a line of the training game file (1 mark), then for each column (1 mark individual characters (1 mark) and assigns them to the correct position on the
15a	It would crash
15b	A try catch should be used to catch the error or detect the presence of the file function (2 marks) and then display a suitable error message (1 mark)

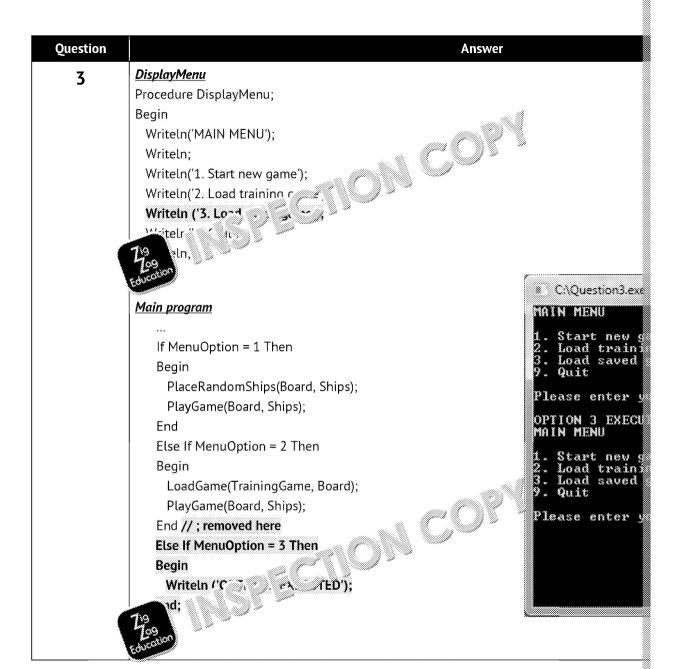


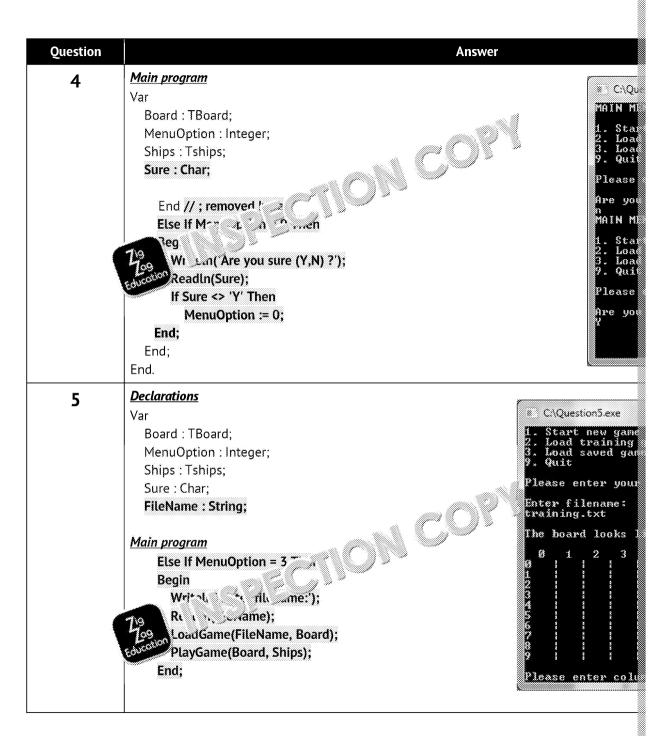
Programming Exercises (Solutions)

Question	Answer
1	GetRowColumn: Procedure GetRowColumn(Var Row : Integer; Var Columper) Begin Write(n; Write('Please enter columper); ReadIn(Columper); ite('Columper); ite('Columper); ite('Columper); ite('Columper); ite('Columper); ite('Columper); Write('Columper); Write('Sorry, that is outside the target area. Please select again'); Write('Please enter column: ');
	Readln(Column);
	Write('Please enter row: ');
	Readln(Row);
	End; Writeln; End; Computer placing the Aircraft Carr Computer placing the Battleship Computer placing the Submarine Computer placing the Destroyer Computer placing the Patrol Boat The On like this:
	Please enter column: 8 Please enter row: -14 Sorry. that is outside the target Please enter column: _

COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

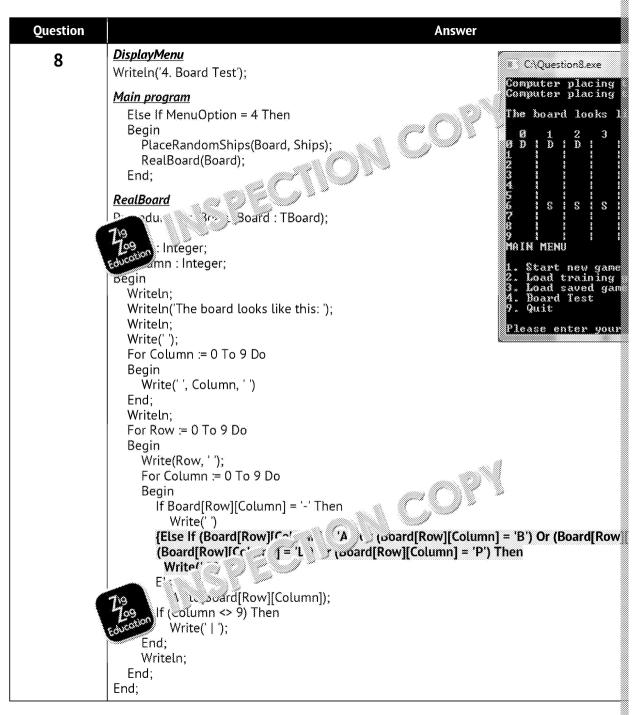


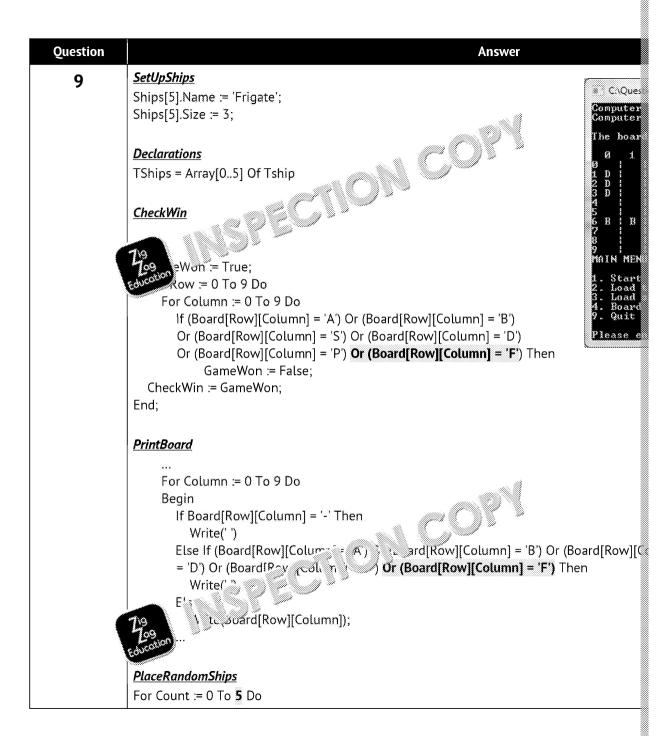




Overtion	A	
Question	Answer	
6	SaveGame Procedure SaveGame(Filename:String; Board:TBoard); Var CurrentFile : Text; Column : Integer; Row : Integer; Line: String; Begin AssignFile(CurrentFile, FileName) Rewrite(CurrentFile): For Row := 0 To 9 Do Line := Line + Board[Row][Column]; Vriteln(CurrentFile, Line); End; CloseFile(CurrentFile); End;	
7	PlayGame Procedure PlayGame(Board : TBoard; Ships : TShips); Var GameWon : Boolean; Torpedoes : Integer; Yn : Char; Filename : String; Writeln('All ships sunk!'); Writeln; End // : removed here Else Begin Writeln('Do you want **	CAQuestion7.exe 1. Start new game 2. Load training 3. Load saved gam 9. Quit Please enter your Enter filename: test.txt he board looks 1 8 1 2 3 8 1 2 3 9 1 2

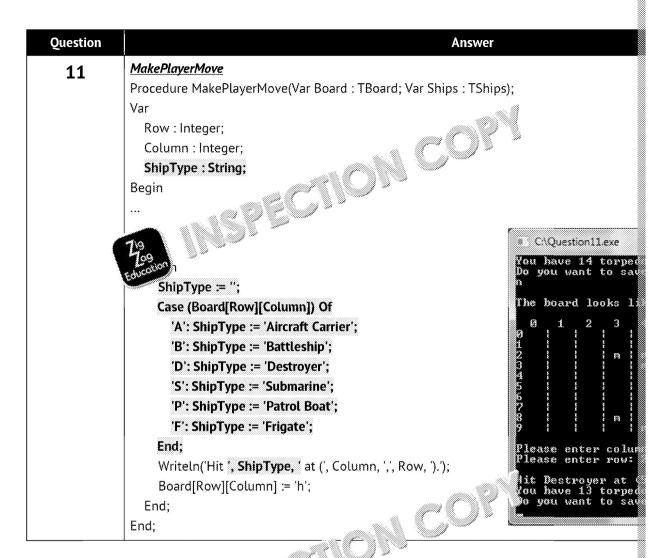








```
Question
                                                                         Answer
             MakePlayerMove
  10
             Else If Board[Row][Column] = '-' Then
             Begin
               Writeln('Sorry, (', Column, ',', Row, ') is a miss.');
               Board[Row][Column] := 'm';
               If RadarScan(Board, Row, Column) = Tru Ton
                 Writeln("Enemy Near!")
               Else
                 etion RadarScan(Board : TBoard; Row : Integer; Column : Integer) : Boolean;
             Var
               X : Integer;
               Y: Integer;
               ScanResult : Boolean;
             Begin
               ScanResult := False;
               For X := Column - 1 To Column + 1 Do
               Begin
                  For Y := Row - 1 To Row + 1 Do
                  Begin
                    If (X < 0) Or (X > 9) Or (Y < 0) Or (Y > 9) Then
                    Begin
                                                        //off the board, so do nothing
                    End
                    Else
                    Begin
                                            ત્રાત (Board[Y][X] <> 'h') And (Board[Y][X] <> '-') Then
                         าง arresult := True;
                  End:
               End:
               RadarScan := ScanResult;
             End;
```





```
Question
                                                              Answer
            domShips
  12
                 Begin
                                          Row := Random(10);
                   Column := Random(10);
                   HorV := Random(3):
                   If HorV = 0 Then
                     Orientation
                   Else if 1 4 all of
                      'b' ≕ nدر ر د (
                     Orientation:= 'h';
                   Valid := ValidateBoatPosition(Board, Ship, Row, Column, Orientation);
                 End:
                 Writeln('Computer placing the ', Ship.Name);
                 PlaceShip(Board, Ship, Row, Column, Orientation);
               End;
            End;
            ValidateBoatPosition
            Begin
              Valid := True;
              If ((Orientation = 'v') Or (Orientation = 'd')) And (Pory 3) size 10) Then
                 Valid := False
                                                     )) And (Column + Ship.Size > 10) Then
               Else If ((Orientation = 'h') Or (Orientation )
                 Valid := False
               Else
                   Or i jation = 'v' Then
                   For Scan := 0 To Ship.Size - 1 Do
                      If Board[Row + Scan][Column] <> '-' Then
                        Valid := False;
                 End
```

```
Else If Orientation = 'h' Then

    C.\Question12.exe

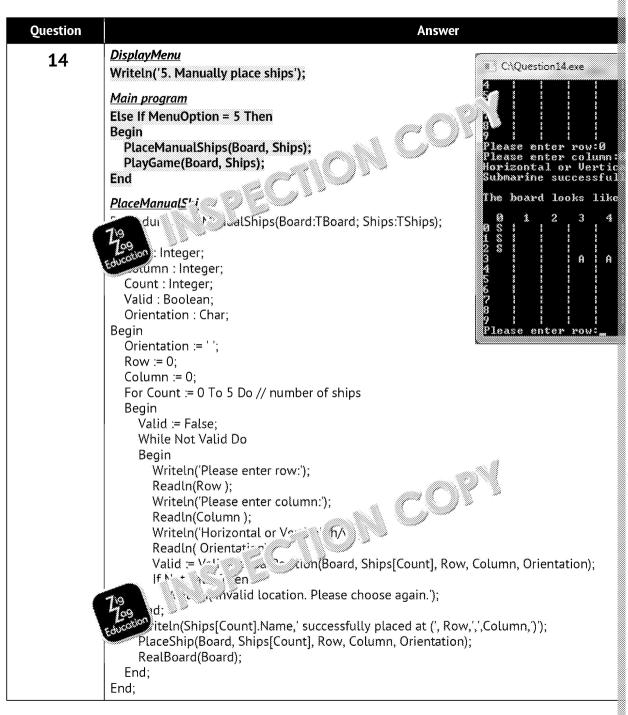
     Begin
                                                                  Computer placing the
Computer placing the
       For Scan := 0 To Ship.Size - 1 Do
          If Board[Row][Column + Scan] <> '-' Then
                                                                  De board looks like
            Valid := False:
     End //; removed here
     Else
    Begin
       For Scan := 0 To 5' i size
         If Boar [ A a old + Scan] <> '-' Then
                                                                      Start new game
Load training game
Load saved game
Board Test
  ValidateBoatPosition := Valid;
End:
                                                                  Please enter your choi
PlaceShip
  If Orientation = 'v' Then
    For Scan := 0 To Ship.Size - 1 Do
       Board[Row + scan][Column] := Ship.Name[1]
  Else If Orientation = 'h' Then
     For Scan := 0 To Ship.Size - 1 Do
       Board[Row][Column + Scan] := Ship.Name[1] //; removed h re
  Else
    For Scan := 0 To Ship.Size - 1 Do
       Board[Row + Scan ][Column + 5
End;
```





Question	Answer
	MakePlayerMove
13	
	Procedure MakePlayerMove(Var Board : TBoard; Var Ships : TShips);
	Var
	Row : Integer;
	Column : Integer;
	Row: Integer; Column: Integer; ShipNum: Integer; X: Integer; Begin GetRowCol 《朱 w, Jumn);
	X : Integer;
	Begin GetRowCol ः ं ५ अ, umn);
	Getkowi ot "K w, Jumn);
	30a (Salumn] = 'm') Or (Board[Row][Column] = 'h') Then
	item (Sorry, you have already shot at the square (', Column, ',', Row, '). Please try
	If Board[Row][Column] = '-' Then
	Begin
	Writeln('Sorry, (', Column, ',', Row, ') is a miss.');
	Board[Row][Column] := 'm';
	End
	Else
	Begin 8 CAQuestion13
	ShipNum := -1;
	For X := 0 To 5 Do // 5 is the number of ships The board loop to be a second to
	If Board[Row][Column] = Ships[X].Name[1] Then
	Begin
	ShipNum := X; Ships[ShipNum].size := Ships[ShipNum].si- End; WriteIn('Hit', Ships(ShipNum' \ ne \ Column, \ Row, '), '):
	Ships[ShipNum].size := Ships[ShipNum].si-
	End;
	Writeln('There are ' 5 ps/\$ '1 \\ \\Size, ' pieces of ',
	Ships[Ship' n a me a');
	fSi: r. i.].Size = 0 Then Hit Destroyer There are 0.1
	Wi Lin('YOU SUNK MY', Uppercase(Ships[ShipNum].Name));
	Education ard[Row][Column] := 'h';
	End;
	End;







Question Answer Score **15** Type TScore = Record End; TScores = Array[0..4] Of TScore **SetUpScores** ူdu. ု ာ ့္ဘs(Vär Scores:TScores); ္တာ≱s[0].Name := 'George'; cores[0].Score := 17; Scores[1].Name := 'Paul'; Scores[1].Score := 19; Scores[2].Name := 'John'; Scores[2].Score := 23; Scores[3].Name := 'Ringo'; Scores[3].Score := 25; Scores[4].Name := 'Bryan'; Scores[4].Score := 35; End; DisplayMenu Procedure DisplayHS(scores:TSc Var Index : Integral Ina x ≂ ∪ To 4 Do iteľn(Scores[Index].Name,' ', Scores[Index].Score); miteln: End;

COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Main program Else If MenuOption = 6 Then DisplayHS(scores) Declarations near start Var Board: TBoard; MenuOption: Integer; Ships: TShips; Scores: TScores: Sure: Char Na 🛝 SetUpScores(Scores); MenuOption := 0; While (MenuOption <> 9) Do Begin SetUpBoard(Board); SetUpShips(Ships); DisplayMenu; MenuOption := GetMainMenuChoice(); If MenuOption = 1 Then Begin PlaceRandomShips(Board, Ships); PlayGame(Board, Ships, Scores); End Else If MenuOption = 2 Then Begin LoadGame(Trois ame, card); PlavG: 1 8 ad "(pa, **Scores**); se 🥽 enuOption = 3 Then Writeln('Enter filename:'); ReadIn(FileName); LoadGame(FileName, Board); PlayGame(Board, Ships, Scores);



```
End
    Else If MenuOption = 4 Then
    Begin
      PlaceRandomShips(Board, Ships);
      RealBoard(Board);
     PlaceManualShips(Board ) 5s, S
    End
    Else If MenuOption = 5 Then
    Begin
    End
 ocedure PlayGame(Board : TBoard; Ships : Tships; Var Scores: TScores);
 GameWon: Boolean;
 Torpedoes:Integer;
 Yn : Char:
 Filename: String;
 Score: Integer;
Begin
 Torpedoes := 20;
 GameWon := False;
 Score := 0;
 While Not(GameWon) And (Torpedoes > 0) Do
                                 Begin
    PrintBoard(Board);
    MakePlayerMove(Board, Ships);
    Score := Score + 1;
    Torpedoes := Torpe (a) (x-1;
    Writeln('Yc ) " " "oes , ' torpedoes left');
    Gar : ;= ;ck\vin(Board);
     Ga > Non = True Then
      Writeln('All ships sunk!');
      Writeln:
      If Score < Scores[4].Score Then
      Begin
```



```
Scores[4].Score := Score;
       Writeln('Well done, you got a hi score');
       Write('Enter your name: ');
       ReadIn(Scores[4].Name);
       BubSortScores(Scores);
                               End;
   End
BubSortScores
Procedure BubSortScores);
      t : Integer:
 Flag := True;
 While Flag Do
 Begin
   Flag := False;
   For Count:=0 To High(Scores) - 1 Do
     If Scores[Count].Score > Scores[Count+1].Score Then
     Begin
       Temp := Scores[Count];
       Scores[Count] := Scores[Count+1];
       Scores[Count+1] := Temp;
  Flag := True;
 End:
End;
```



COPYRIGHT	
PROTECTED	



Ideas for modifications	How to

Electronic Answer Document (EAD) Printout

Name

ZigZag Education supporting

AS AQA Computer Science Paper 1

Summer 2016: ACE SARSHIPS

Electr Answer Document (EAD)

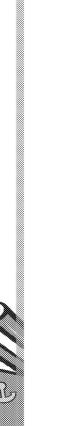
Instructions

- Enter your name in the box at the top of this page
- Answer **all** questions by entering your answers into this document
- Remember to **save** this document regularly
- Save and print this document and any additional pages
- Answer **all** questions
- The marks available for each question are shown in brackets
- You will need:
 - access to a computer
 - access to a printer
 - access to appropriate software
 - electronic copies of the required skeleton code

□ EAD (Electronic Answer Document)

Total marks:





COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Programming Theory Question

Answer all questions.

Remember to save this document regularly.

Q		Answer
1	(a)	
	(b)	
	(c)	
	(d)	
	(e)	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
_	(a)	
7	(b)	
	(a)	
	(b)	
8	(c)	
	(d)	
	(e)	
	(a)	
9	(b)	
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15	(a)	
15	(b)	



Programming Exercises

Answer all questions.
Remember to save this document regularly.

Q	Answer
1	
2	
3	
4	Educean
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	

